

## Crystal structure of 2-(thiophen-3-yl)-ethyl pyrene-1-carboxylate

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In the title compound,  $C_{23}H_{16}O_2S$ , the thiophene group is rotationally disordered into two fractions almost parallel to each other, with occupation factors of 0.523 (7) and 0.477 (7), and subtending dihedral angles of 10.5 (5) and 9.3 (5)°, respectively, to the thiophene group. The molecules are held together by weak  $C-H \cdots O$  and  $C-H \cdots \pi$  hydrogen bonds, producing a laminar arrangement, which are further connected in a perpendicular fashion by  $S \cdots \pi$  contacts [ $S \cdots$ centroid = 3.539 (8) and 3.497 (8) Å]. In spite of the presence of the extended pyrene group, the structure does not present any parallel  $\pi-\pi$  stacking interactions. The structure was refined as an inversion twin.

**Keywords:** crystal structure; pyrene; thiophene; excimers; exciplexes; hydrogen bonding;  $S \cdots \pi$  contacts.

**CCDC reference:** 1435021

### 1. Related literature

For optical and electronic properties of pyrene compounds, see: Hrdlovič & Lukáč (2000); Winnik (1993); Kim *et al.* (2008). For use of pyrenes as sensors, see: Basu & Rajam (2004); Chmela *et al.* (2005). For applications of thiophenes, see: Perepichka *et al.* (2005); Abd-El-Aziz *et al.* (2013). For a previous report of methoxypyrene, see: Morales-Espinoza *et al.* (2015). For  $S \cdots \pi$  interactions, see: Mooibroek *et al.* (2008).

### 2. Experimental

#### 2.1. Crystal data

$C_{23}H_{16}O_2S$	$V = 1687 (2) \text{ \AA}^3$
$M_r = 356.42$	$Z = 4$
Orthorhombic, $Pna2_1$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 12.020 (9) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.21 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 7.576 (6) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 298 \text{ K}$
$c = 18.521 (14) \text{ \AA}$	$0.30 \times 0.23 \times 0.17 \text{ mm}$

#### 2.2. Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer	11964 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2012)	3116 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = ?$ , $T_{\max} = ?$	2546 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.162$

#### 2.3. Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.057$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.19 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
$wR(F^2) = 0.148$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.16 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
$S = 1.05$	Absolute structure: Refined as an inversion twin.
3116 reflections	Absolute structure parameter: 0.3 (2)
256 parameters	
56 restraints	
H-atom parameters constrained	

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H \cdots A$	$D-H$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-H \cdots A$
$C16-H16 \cdots O1^i$	0.93	2.55	3.448 (6)	161
$C13-H13B \cdots Cg3^{ii}$	0.97	2.86	3.776 (5)	155

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x, y - 1, z$ ; (ii)  $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z$ .

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2012); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2012); data reduction: SAINT (Bruker, 2012); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL2014 (Sheldrick, 2015); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: PLATON (Spek, 2009) and DIAMOND (Brandenburg, 2006).

### Acknowledgements

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Supporting information for this paper is available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BG2569).

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## supporting information

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## Crystal structure of 2-(thiophen-3-yl)ethyl pyrene-1-carboxylate

**Bianca X. Valderrama-García, Reyna Reyes-Martínez, Simón Hernández-Ortega, David Morales-Morales and Ernesto Rivera**

### S1. Chemical context

Pyrene and their derivatives are well-known for their optical and electronic properties (Hrdlovič & Lukáč, 2000; Winnik 1993). They exhibit long fluorescence lifetimes in non-polar media (ca. 400 ns) in addition to their ability to form homo and hetero-dimers in excited states (excimers, exciplexes) (Kim *et al.*, 2008). The photophysical properties of pyrene derivatives can be used as sensor for oxygen (Basu & Rajam, 2004) and as monitor for polymerization reactions (Chmela *et al.*, 2005). The fluorescence studies of pyrenes as sensor are based in processes of electron transference, changes of wavelength of higher emission and the formation of excited states (excimers, exciplexes).

The preparation of thiophene derivatives with fluorescent properties has been studied in order to obtain polythiophenes. The polymers of thiophenes are a class of linear conjugated polymers characterized by their versatility and are used as materials for electronic and optoelectronic applications (Perepichka *et al.*, 2005) (Abd-El-Aziz *et al.*, 2013).

In this context, we present the crystal structure of a pyrene functionalized with a thiophene moiety.

### S2. Structural commentary

The molecular structure of the title compound is shown in Fig. 1. The compound shows rotational disorder at the thiophene group into two planar, almost parallel moieties (See Refinement section). The thiophene ring presents a *trans* configuration with respect to the carboxylatepyrene group with a torsion angle C14—C13—C12—O2 of  $-170.9(3)^\circ$ . Bond distances are in agreement with those reported for similar organic compounds (Allen *et al.*, 1987).

### S3. Supramolecular features

Based on the distances obtained using PLATON (Spek, 2009), the crystal packing is the result of weak C—H $\cdots$ O and C—H $\cdots$  $\pi$  intermolecular interactions, reported in Table 2 and shown in Fig 2, which define laminar arrangements (Fig 3).

Additionally, an S $\cdots$  $\pi$  interaction is found which completes the supramolecular packing. Due to disorder, this interaction is split into two, viz., S1 $\cdots$ Cg3<sup>iii</sup> and S1A $\cdots$ Cg5<sup>iii</sup> (iii: 1-x,-y,1/2+z; Cg codes as in Fig 1), with S $\cdots$ Cg distances of 3.539(7) and 3.487(7) Å, respectively, and extends along the [001] direction (Fig. 4). The strength can be considered as moderate (Mooibroek *et al.*, 2008). It is noteworthy that the structure does not present any parallel  $\pi$ - $\pi$  stacking interactions, in spite of the presence of the extended pyrene group.

### S4. Database survey

We reported previously the crystal structure of 1-methoxypyrene (Morales-Espinoza *et al.*, 2015) where the crystal packing is governed by  $\pi$ - $\pi$  and C—H $\cdots$  $\pi$  interactions. A search of the Cambridge Structural Database (CSD, CSD version 5.36 updates Nov 2014) with 1-carboxylate skeleton affords eight organic hits, but none with a thiophene group.

## S5. Synthesis and crystallization

The title compound, 2-(thiophen-3-yl) ethylpyrene-1-carboxylate, was synthesized from the reaction of 3-thiophene-ethanol (0.105 g, 0.82 mmol), 1-pyrenecarboxylic acid (0.302 g, 1.23 mmol), *N,N'*-Dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (DCC) (0.507 g, 2.46 mmol) and 4-Dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP) (0.250 mg, 2.05 mmol) in  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  (15 mL) at  $0^\circ\text{C}$  for 30 min. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 12 hours under inert atmosphere. The suspension produced was filtered in order to remove the dicyclohexylurea (DCU) formed during the reaction, and the filtrate was evaporated under reduced pressure at  $45^\circ\text{C}$ . The crude product was purified by column chromatography in silica gel using first a *n*-hexane/  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  (2:5) solvent mixture and then pure  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  as eluent to give the desired product as light yellow crystals. Yield: 87%. MS—CI:  $m/z = 356.0$

$^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 300 MHz, ppm) (Fig. 4): 7.85–9.2 (m, 9H, Py), 7.37 (dd, 1H,  $\text{H}^5$ ,  $J=4.9, 3.0$  Hz), 7.21 (d, 1H,  $\text{H}^2$ ,  $J=4.7$  Hz), 7.15 (dd, 1H,  $\text{H}^4$ ,  $J=4.9, 1.3$  Hz), 4.76 (t, 2H,  $J=6.8$  Hz), 3.26 (t, 2H,  $J=6.8$  Hz).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 75 MHz, ppm): 168.09 (C=O), 155.31 ( $\text{C}^2$ , Thioph), 138.38 ( $\text{C}^3$ , Thioph), 117.89 ( $\text{C}^4$ , Thioph), 96.24 ( $\text{C}^1$ , Thioph), 134.41, 131.19, 131.09, 130.46, 129.72, 129.51, 128.47, 127.25, 126.40, 126.38, 126.27, 125.91, 124.98, 124.24, 123.71, 121.94 ( $\text{C}_{\text{Py}}$ ), 65.23 ( $\text{OCH}_2$ ), 29.94 ( $\text{CH}_2$ ).

## S6. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 1. The H atoms were included in calculated positions and treated as riding: C—H = 0.93 Å for aromatic H's and C—H = 0.97 for methylene ones.  $\text{Uiso}(\text{H}) = 1.2\text{Ueq}(\text{C})$ . The rotational disorder of the thiophene group was modelled with a couple of split positions (S1—C17 and S1A—C17A), with an occupation ratio of 0.523 (7)/0.477 (7). Similarity restraints in distances and displacement factors were used for modelling the disordered fraction. The crystals were poorly diffracting, which led to a high Rint.

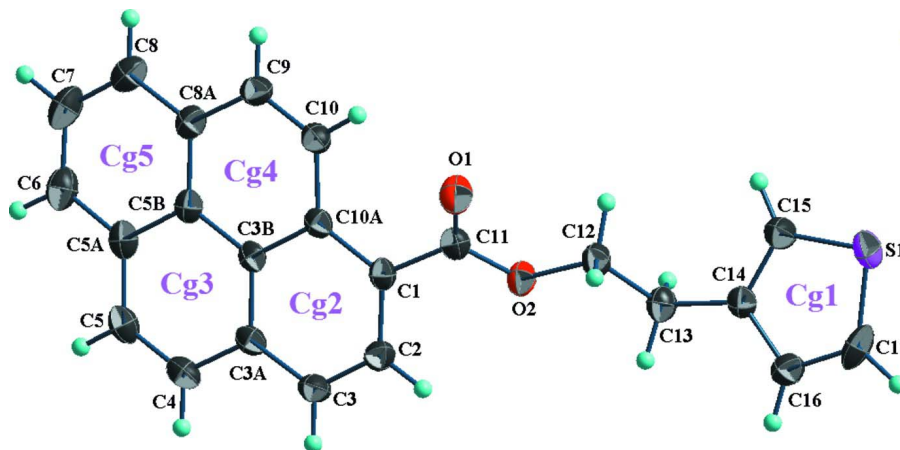
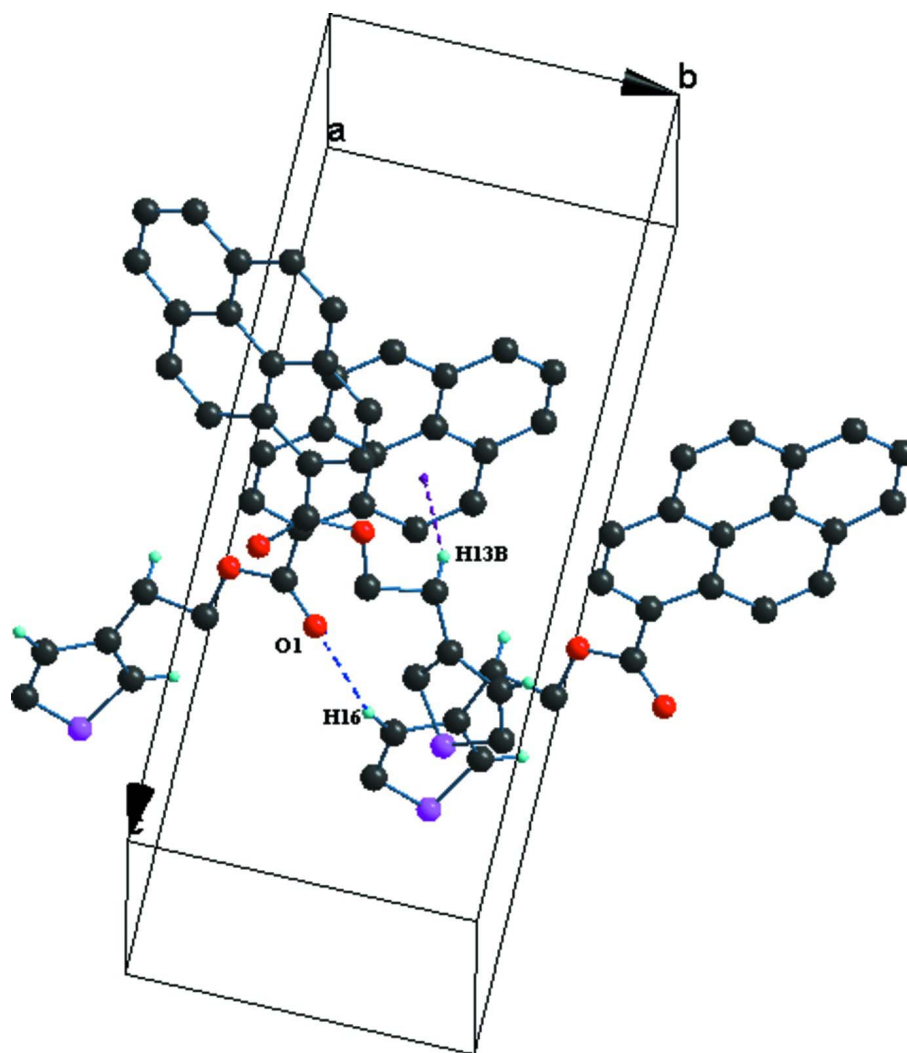


Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound, showing the atom labelling. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. Only the major fraction of the disordered thiophene has been drawn.



**Figure 2**

A partial view of crystal packing of the title compound showing C—H $\cdots$ O and C—H $\cdots$ C<sub>g</sub> interactions, drawn as dashed lines. Only H atoms involved in hydrogen bonding have been included for clarity.

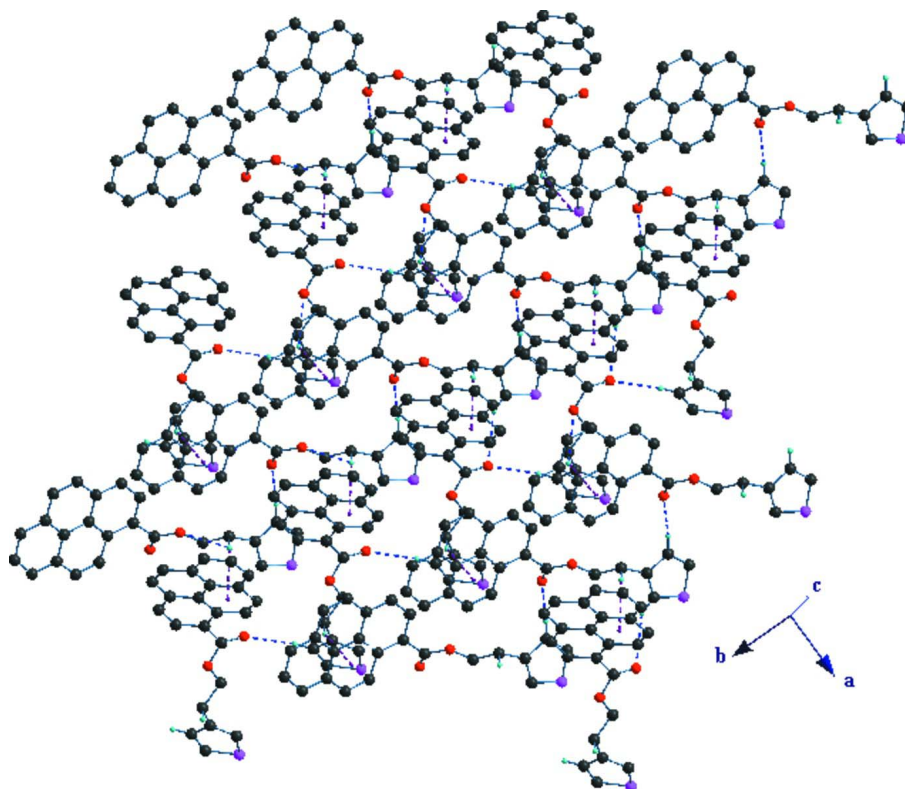


Figure 3

A view of the crystal packing of the title compound, with the hydrogen bonds shown as dashed lines. Only H atoms involved in hydrogen bonding have been included.

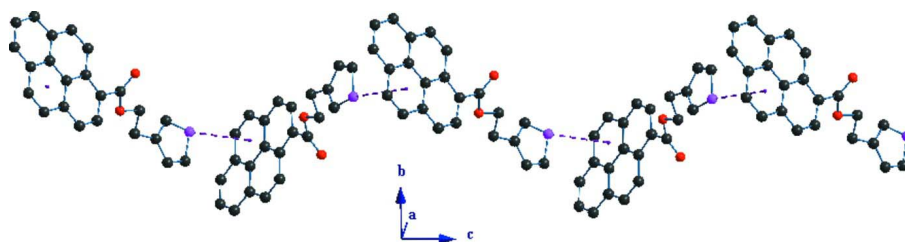


Figure 4

Representation of the S... $\pi$  interaction (Only major fraction of the disordered thiophene group). Hydrogen atoms omitted.

## 2-(Thiophen-3-yl)ethyl pyrene-1-carboxylate

### Crystal data

$C_{23}H_{16}O_2S$

$M_r = 356.42$

Orthorhombic,  $Pna2_1$

$a = 12.020$  (9) Å

$b = 7.576$  (6) Å

$c = 18.521$  (14) Å

$V = 1687$  (2) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 744$

$D_x = 1.404$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

$\theta = 2.2$ – $25.6^\circ$

$\mu = 0.21$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 298$  K

Prism, yellow

$0.30 \times 0.23 \times 0.17$  mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD  
diffractometer

$\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(SADABS; Bruker, 2012)

11964 measured reflections

3116 independent reflections

2546 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.162$

$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.6^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.2^\circ$

$h = -14 \rightarrow 14$

$k = -9 \rightarrow 8$

$l = -22 \rightarrow 22$

Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.057$

$wR(F^2) = 0.148$

$S = 1.05$

3116 reflections

256 parameters

56 restraints

Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0753P)^2 + 0.2852P]$

where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.19 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.16 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Extinction correction: *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick,  
2015),  $F_c^* = kF_c[1 + 0.001x F_c^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$

Extinction coefficient: 0.014 (3)

Absolute structure: Refined as an inversion  
twin.

Absolute structure parameter: 0.3 (2)

Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refined as a 2-component inversion twin.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$	Occ. (<1)
O1	0.4023 (3)	0.3325 (5)	0.6430 (2)	0.0658 (10)	
O2	0.4120 (3)	0.0607 (4)	0.59746 (17)	0.0510 (8)	
C1	0.2701 (3)	0.2387 (6)	0.5549 (2)	0.0420 (10)	
C2	0.1998 (4)	0.0944 (7)	0.5482 (3)	0.0500 (11)	
H2	0.2155	-0.0085	0.5736	0.060*	
C3	0.1074 (3)	0.1005 (6)	0.5046 (3)	0.0492 (11)	
H3	0.0598	0.0039	0.5025	0.059*	
C3A	0.0849 (3)	0.2482 (6)	0.4641 (2)	0.0440 (10)	
C3B	0.1558 (3)	0.3963 (5)	0.4684 (2)	0.0390 (9)	
C4	-0.0076 (4)	0.2540 (6)	0.4150 (3)	0.0523 (12)	
H4	-0.0551	0.1575	0.4115	0.063*	
C5	-0.0260 (4)	0.3965 (8)	0.3746 (3)	0.0552 (12)	
H5	-0.0868	0.3972	0.3435	0.066*	
C5A	0.0444 (4)	0.5480 (7)	0.3774 (2)	0.0490 (11)	
C5B	0.1362 (3)	0.5460 (6)	0.4248 (2)	0.0434 (10)	
C6	0.0274 (5)	0.6961 (8)	0.3344 (3)	0.0630 (14)	
H6	-0.0342	0.7004	0.3041	0.076*	
C7	0.0992 (5)	0.8348 (8)	0.3360 (3)	0.0705 (15)	
H7	0.0872	0.9309	0.3057	0.085*	

C8	0.1889 (5)	0.8350 (7)	0.3816 (3)	0.0622 (13)	
H8	0.2368	0.9312	0.3822	0.075*	
C8A	0.2087 (4)	0.6929 (6)	0.4269 (2)	0.0486 (11)	
C9	0.2985 (4)	0.6875 (6)	0.4764 (3)	0.0507 (11)	
H9	0.3459	0.7843	0.4795	0.061*	
C10	0.3174 (4)	0.5475 (6)	0.5188 (3)	0.0485 (10)	
H10	0.3766	0.5510	0.5511	0.058*	
C10A	0.2495 (3)	0.3931 (6)	0.5161 (2)	0.0408 (9)	
C11	0.3678 (4)	0.2211 (6)	0.6034 (3)	0.0477 (10)	
C12	0.5016 (4)	0.0193 (6)	0.6460 (3)	0.0521 (11)	
H12A	0.4762	0.0247	0.6957	0.063*	
H12B	0.5622	0.1027	0.6400	0.063*	
C13	0.5397 (4)	-0.1636 (6)	0.6279 (3)	0.0537 (11)	
H13A	0.4753	-0.2406	0.6255	0.064*	
H13B	0.5739	-0.1623	0.5804	0.064*	
C14	0.6204 (3)	-0.2380 (6)	0.6806 (2)	0.0450 (9)	
C15	0.7168 (4)	-0.1566 (7)	0.7033 (3)	0.0582 (12)	
H15	0.7400	-0.0471	0.6864	0.070*	
C16	0.6081 (4)	-0.4007 (7)	0.7125 (3)	0.0553 (11)	
H16	0.5479	-0.4733	0.7017	0.066*	
S1	0.7874 (4)	-0.2729 (6)	0.7637 (3)	0.0658 (13)	0.523 (7)
C17	0.6862 (17)	-0.450 (3)	0.7596 (15)	0.066 (4)	0.523 (7)
H17	0.6883	-0.5554	0.7854	0.079*	0.523 (7)
S1A	0.7088 (5)	-0.4534 (8)	0.7678 (4)	0.0682 (16)	0.477 (7)
C17A	0.782 (2)	-0.250 (3)	0.7479 (15)	0.071 (5)	0.477 (7)
H17A	0.8515	-0.2173	0.7653	0.085*	0.477 (7)

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
O1	0.070 (2)	0.0563 (19)	0.071 (2)	0.0105 (17)	-0.0173 (18)	-0.0139 (18)
O2	0.0506 (16)	0.0516 (16)	0.0507 (16)	0.0079 (14)	-0.0132 (14)	-0.0026 (15)
C1	0.040 (2)	0.047 (2)	0.039 (2)	0.0071 (18)	0.0023 (18)	-0.0015 (18)
C2	0.049 (3)	0.048 (3)	0.053 (3)	0.000 (2)	0.010 (2)	0.005 (2)
C3	0.042 (2)	0.049 (2)	0.056 (3)	-0.0065 (19)	0.001 (2)	-0.002 (2)
C3A	0.038 (2)	0.050 (2)	0.044 (2)	-0.0021 (17)	0.0097 (18)	-0.0046 (19)
C3B	0.0375 (19)	0.043 (2)	0.037 (2)	0.0057 (16)	0.0066 (17)	-0.0062 (17)
C4	0.037 (2)	0.066 (3)	0.054 (3)	-0.006 (2)	0.0048 (19)	-0.007 (2)
C5	0.044 (2)	0.077 (3)	0.044 (2)	0.006 (2)	-0.006 (2)	-0.007 (2)
C5A	0.049 (2)	0.061 (3)	0.037 (2)	0.014 (2)	0.0033 (19)	-0.005 (2)
C5B	0.046 (2)	0.050 (2)	0.0343 (18)	0.0089 (19)	0.0069 (18)	-0.0044 (19)
C6	0.073 (3)	0.070 (3)	0.045 (3)	0.019 (3)	-0.008 (2)	-0.001 (2)
C7	0.103 (4)	0.056 (3)	0.052 (3)	0.018 (3)	-0.005 (3)	0.005 (2)
C8	0.080 (3)	0.049 (3)	0.058 (3)	0.003 (2)	0.007 (3)	0.005 (2)
C8A	0.054 (3)	0.045 (2)	0.046 (2)	0.0068 (19)	0.010 (2)	-0.004 (2)
C9	0.049 (2)	0.043 (2)	0.060 (3)	-0.0017 (19)	0.004 (2)	-0.003 (2)
C10	0.043 (2)	0.048 (3)	0.054 (2)	0.0007 (19)	0.001 (2)	-0.006 (2)
C10A	0.0352 (19)	0.046 (2)	0.041 (2)	0.0034 (17)	0.0052 (17)	-0.0051 (18)



C11	0.046 (2)	0.050 (2)	0.047 (2)	0.0033 (19)	0.001 (2)	0.000 (2)
C12	0.053 (2)	0.053 (2)	0.051 (3)	0.004 (2)	-0.010 (2)	0.002 (2)
C13	0.056 (2)	0.056 (3)	0.049 (2)	0.005 (2)	-0.006 (2)	0.003 (2)
C14	0.0417 (17)	0.0518 (19)	0.041 (2)	0.0043 (14)	0.0039 (16)	0.0031 (16)
C15	0.0474 (19)	0.062 (2)	0.065 (3)	-0.0019 (17)	-0.0052 (19)	0.010 (2)
C16	0.056 (2)	0.055 (2)	0.055 (2)	-0.0008 (17)	-0.002 (2)	0.0091 (18)
S1	0.0549 (17)	0.071 (2)	0.071 (3)	0.0106 (14)	-0.0107 (16)	0.0112 (17)
C17	0.065 (5)	0.070 (5)	0.063 (7)	0.004 (4)	-0.009 (5)	0.011 (5)
S1A	0.069 (3)	0.067 (2)	0.068 (3)	0.0100 (18)	-0.016 (2)	0.0109 (19)
C17A	0.063 (5)	0.073 (5)	0.076 (10)	0.007 (4)	-0.014 (6)	0.012 (6)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

O1—C11	1.193 (6)	C8—C8A	1.386 (7)
O2—C11	1.330 (5)	C8—H8	0.9300
O2—C12	1.438 (5)	C8A—C9	1.417 (6)
C1—C2	1.388 (7)	C9—C10	1.339 (7)
C1—C10A	1.395 (6)	C9—H9	0.9300
C1—C11	1.484 (6)	C10—C10A	1.427 (7)
C2—C3	1.373 (6)	C10—H10	0.9300
C2—H2	0.9300	C12—C13	1.498 (7)
C3—C3A	1.375 (7)	C12—H12A	0.9700
C3—H3	0.9300	C12—H12B	0.9700
C3A—C3B	1.411 (6)	C13—C14	1.488 (6)
C3A—C4	1.437 (7)	C13—H13A	0.9700
C3B—C5B	1.412 (6)	C13—H13B	0.9700
C3B—C10A	1.432 (6)	C14—C16	1.375 (6)
C4—C5	1.332 (7)	C14—C15	1.378 (6)
C4—H4	0.9300	C15—C17A	1.341 (19)
C5—C5A	1.427 (7)	C15—S1	1.656 (6)
C5—H5	0.9300	C15—H15	0.9300
C5A—C6	1.391 (7)	C16—C17	1.334 (19)
C5A—C5B	1.409 (6)	C16—S1A	1.635 (6)
C5B—C8A	1.413 (7)	C16—H16	0.9300
C6—C7	1.360 (9)	S1—C17	1.814 (16)
C6—H6	0.9300	C17—H17	0.9300
C7—C8	1.369 (8)	S1A—C17A	1.810 (17)
C7—H7	0.9300	C17A—H17A	0.9300
C11—O2—C12	116.5 (3)	C8A—C9—H9	119.0
C2—C1—C10A	120.4 (4)	C9—C10—C10A	122.1 (4)
C2—C1—C11	117.7 (4)	C9—C10—H10	118.9
C10A—C1—C11	121.9 (4)	C10A—C10—H10	118.9
C3—C2—C1	121.3 (4)	C1—C10A—C10	124.5 (4)
C3—C2—H2	119.4	C1—C10A—C3B	118.2 (4)
C1—C2—H2	119.4	C10—C10A—C3B	117.2 (4)
C2—C3—C3A	120.5 (4)	O1—C11—O2	123.9 (4)
C2—C3—H3	119.7	O1—C11—C1	125.7 (4)

C3A—C3—H3	119.7	O2—C11—C1	110.4 (4)
C3—C3A—C3B	119.9 (4)	O2—C12—C13	106.9 (4)
C3—C3A—C4	121.5 (4)	O2—C12—H12A	110.3
C3B—C3A—C4	118.6 (4)	C13—C12—H12A	110.3
C3A—C3B—C5B	120.4 (4)	O2—C12—H12B	110.3
C3A—C3B—C10A	119.7 (4)	C13—C12—H12B	110.3
C5B—C3B—C10A	119.9 (4)	H12A—C12—H12B	108.6
C5—C4—C3A	120.6 (4)	C14—C13—C12	113.7 (4)
C5—C4—H4	119.7	C14—C13—H13A	108.8
C3A—C4—H4	119.7	C12—C13—H13A	108.8
C4—C5—C5A	122.2 (4)	C14—C13—H13B	108.8
C4—C5—H5	118.9	C12—C13—H13B	108.8
C5A—C5—H5	118.9	H13A—C13—H13B	107.7
C6—C5A—C5B	118.7 (5)	C16—C14—C15	111.2 (4)
C6—C5A—C5	122.7 (5)	C16—C14—C13	123.4 (4)
C5B—C5A—C5	118.6 (4)	C15—C14—C13	125.4 (4)
C5A—C5B—C3B	119.7 (4)	C17A—C15—C14	116.2 (10)
C5A—C5B—C8A	119.5 (4)	C14—C15—S1	113.5 (4)
C3B—C5B—C8A	120.9 (4)	C14—C15—H15	123.3
C7—C6—C5A	121.2 (5)	S1—C15—H15	123.3
C7—C6—H6	119.4	C17—C16—C14	117.1 (10)
C5A—C6—H6	119.4	C14—C16—S1A	114.1 (4)
C6—C7—C8	120.9 (5)	C17—C16—H16	121.4
C6—C7—H7	119.6	C14—C16—H16	121.4
C8—C7—H7	119.6	C15—S1—C17	91.3 (8)
C7—C8—C8A	120.5 (5)	C16—C17—S1	106.9 (14)
C7—C8—H8	119.7	C16—C17—H17	126.5
C8A—C8—H8	119.7	S1—C17—H17	126.5
C8—C8A—C5B	119.2 (4)	C16—S1A—C17A	91.4 (8)
C8—C8A—C9	123.0 (5)	C15—C17A—S1A	106.9 (14)
C5B—C8A—C9	117.8 (4)	C15—C17A—H17A	126.5
C10—C9—C8A	122.0 (4)	S1A—C17A—H17A	126.5
C10—C9—H9	119.0		
C10A—C1—C2—C3	-1.3 (6)	C2—C1—C10A—C10	-179.4 (4)
C11—C1—C2—C3	179.7 (4)	C11—C1—C10A—C10	-0.4 (6)
C1—C2—C3—C3A	2.7 (7)	C2—C1—C10A—C3B	-1.4 (6)
C2—C3—C3A—C3B	-1.4 (6)	C11—C1—C10A—C3B	177.6 (4)
C2—C3—C3A—C4	176.4 (4)	C9—C10—C10A—C1	174.9 (4)
C3—C3A—C3B—C5B	177.4 (4)	C9—C10—C10A—C3B	-3.1 (6)
C4—C3A—C3B—C5B	-0.5 (5)	C3A—C3B—C10A—C1	2.7 (5)
C3—C3A—C3B—C10A	-1.3 (6)	C5B—C3B—C10A—C1	-176.0 (4)
C4—C3A—C3B—C10A	-179.2 (4)	C3A—C3B—C10A—C10	-179.2 (4)
C3—C3A—C4—C5	-177.9 (4)	C5B—C3B—C10A—C10	2.1 (5)
C3B—C3A—C4—C5	-0.1 (6)	C12—O2—C11—O1	4.5 (7)
C3A—C4—C5—C5A	0.4 (7)	C12—O2—C11—C1	-174.8 (4)
C4—C5—C5A—C6	178.7 (5)	C2—C1—C11—O1	-140.3 (5)
C4—C5—C5A—C5B	-0.2 (6)	C10A—C1—C11—O1	40.7 (7)

C6—C5A—C5B—C3B	-179.4 (4)	C2—C1—C11—O2	38.9 (5)
C5—C5A—C5B—C3B	-0.4 (6)	C10A—C1—C11—O2	-140.0 (4)
C6—C5A—C5B—C8A	-0.6 (6)	C11—O2—C12—C13	-178.3 (4)
C5—C5A—C5B—C8A	178.3 (4)	O2—C12—C13—C14	-170.9 (4)
C3A—C3B—C5B—C5A	0.8 (5)	C12—C13—C14—C16	128.8 (5)
C10A—C3B—C5B—C5A	179.4 (4)	C12—C13—C14—C15	-52.1 (6)
C3A—C3B—C5B—C8A	-178.0 (4)	C16—C14—C15—C17A	3.1 (17)
C10A—C3B—C5B—C8A	0.7 (6)	C13—C14—C15—C17A	-176.1 (17)
C5B—C5A—C6—C7	2.1 (7)	C16—C14—C15—S1	-1.9 (6)
C5—C5A—C6—C7	-176.8 (5)	C13—C14—C15—S1	178.9 (5)
C5A—C6—C7—C8	-2.0 (8)	C15—C14—C16—C17	1.6 (16)
C6—C7—C8—C8A	0.4 (8)	C13—C14—C16—C17	-179.2 (16)
C7—C8—C8A—C5B	1.0 (7)	C15—C14—C16—S1A	0.1 (6)
C7—C8—C8A—C9	-178.5 (5)	C13—C14—C16—S1A	179.3 (5)
C5A—C5B—C8A—C8	-0.9 (6)	C14—C15—S1—C17	1.3 (11)
C3B—C5B—C8A—C8	177.9 (4)	C14—C16—C17—S1	-1 (2)
C5A—C5B—C8A—C9	178.7 (4)	C15—S1—C17—C16	-0.4 (18)
C3B—C5B—C8A—C9	-2.6 (6)	C14—C16—S1A—C17A	-2.2 (12)
C8—C8A—C9—C10	-178.8 (5)	C14—C15—C17A—S1A	-5 (2)
C5B—C8A—C9—C10	1.7 (6)	C16—S1A—C17A—C15	3.8 (19)
C8A—C9—C10—C10A	1.2 (7)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C16—H16 $\cdots$ O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.93	2.55	3.448 (6)	161
C13—H13B $\cdots$ Cg3 <sup>ii</sup>	0.97	2.86	3.776 (5)	155

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x, y-1, z$ ; (ii)  $x+1/2, -y+1/2, z$ .